

# SURVEY REPORT FOR INITIAL/PERIODICAL/RENEWAL/CHANGE OF FLAG/ GENERAL EXAMINATION\* OF PASSENGER SHIP/CARGO SHIP SAFETY RADIO EQUIPMENT\* UNDER GMDSS

(Under the provisions of the SOLAS 1974 as amended. for passenger ships irrespective of size, and cargo ships of 300 tons gross tonnage and over)

Name of ship	IMO Number	
Port of Registry	Gross Tonnage	
Flag	Date Keel Laid	
First date of survey:	Last date of survey:	

## Signal letters and identification codes:

Call sign:		ID for DSC (VHF):		
		ID for DSC (MF/HF):		
ID for Satellite EPIRB:		ID for DSC (MF):		
Ship Earth Station:		Ship Earth Station:		
Service Provider	ID Number	Service Provider	ID Number	
(Type and Model)		(Type and Model)		

Note 1: Results of survey to be marked "Y" (Yes), "N" (No) or "N/A" (Not Applicable)	
Note 2: Functional tests are to be verified for compliance with IMO performance standard.	

Sea area in which vessel is certified to operate:
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#### 1. DOCUMENTATION

1.1	Valid rad	io license issued by flag admi-	nistration a	vailable on board			
1.2	Verification of radio operators certificate						
	•	Name	Rank	Certificate Held	Expiry	Issued by	
1st Ope	rator						
2 <sup>nd</sup> Ope	erator						
3rd Ope	erator						
1.3	All applic	cable statutory and class certif	icates are v	alid and onboard			• • •
1.4	Checking	that the ship's compliment co	omplies wit	th the Minimum Safe M	Ianning Do	cument	
1.5	Checking	that the master, officers and i	atings are	certified as required by	the STCW	Convention	
1.6	Verificati	on of radio log					
1.7	Verification that up to date International Telecommunication Convention (ITU) publication are						
	available on board					•••	
1.8		on that operating manuals are		* *			• • •
1.9		on that service manuals are a	vailable on	n board for all equipm	ent, if at se	a maintenance is	
	the declared option.						
1.10		tion that a Radio record (log	gbook) has	been kept in the per	iod since la	ast survey to the	
		on of the administration.					
1.11		on whether any new equipm					
	approved to appropriate performance standards prior installation and that any changes are reflected in						
	the appropriate certificate/ record.						
1.12		on that Record of Passenger					
	GMDS, is on board, (Reference						
1.13	Examining the plans for the provision and position of the radio installation (including source of						•••
	energy an	nd antennas) and the radio lifes	saving app	liances			

1.14	Checking documentary evidence that the actual capacity of the battery has been proved in port within	
	the last 12 months	

## 2. SELECTED METHOD OF MAINTENANCE

Duplication of equipment	
Shore-based maintenance	
At –sea maintenance	

#### 3. GENERAL CHECKING OF RADIO INSTALLATION

3.1	Are all radio controls for operating the radio installation adequately illuminated	
3.2	Are ships call sign, ship station identity, and other codes, as applicable, for use of the radio station	
	posted	
3.3	Is the radio installation protected from adverse environmental conditions	
3.4	Is the radio installation so located that no harmful interference affects its use and so located to ensure	
J. <del>T</del>	the greatest possibility of operational availability.	
3.5	General examination of all antennas (including Ship Earth Station antennas) including insulation and	
3.3	safety	
3.6	Are spare parts and tools available	
3.7	For at-sea maintenance are additional technical documentation, tools, measuring equipment and spare	
3.7	parts available.	
3.8	Facilities for bridge wings communications	
3.9	Verification of the equipment fitted in accordance with Form R (Supplement to Cargo Ship Safety	
3.9	Radio Certificate)/ Form P (Supplement to Passenger Ship Safety Certificate)	
	Verification that all two-way communication equipment capable of automatically including ship's	
	position in the distress alert are continuously and automatically provided with the information from	
3.10	internal or external navigation receiver. If such receiver is not on board, verification of procedure for	
	manually updating the position and the time of determining the position at intervals not exceeding 4	
	hours.	

## 4. SOURCES OF ENERGY

4.1	Main	Emergency	•••	Reserve	•••
4.2				y to operate the primary or the	
	duplicated equipment for 1 ho	ours or 6 hours as appropriate	e.		
4.3	If the reserve source of ener	gy is battery, verification w	here approp	oriate, of its good condition by	
	specific gravity measurement	or voltage measurement.			
4.4	If the reserve source of energ	y is battery, verification that	the chargers	s are capable of re-charging the	
	battery within 10 hours.				
4.5	With the battery off charge,	and the maximum require	d radio inst	allation load connected to the	
	reserve source of energy, che	cking the battery voltage and	l discharge c	urrent.	
4.6				at the position from which the	
	ship is normally navigated, in	dicating when the charging	voltage or cu	rrent is outside the limits given	
	by the manufacturer.			_	

## 5. COMPOSITION OF RADIO INSTALLATION

	VHF	MF	MF/HF	Ship Earth Station
Primary System	•••	•••	•••	•••
Duplicated System				•••

## 6. V.H.F RADIO INSTALLATION

6.1	Checking for operation on channel 6, 13 and 16	
6.2	Checking for correct operation of all controls including priority of control units	
6.3	Checking the operation of the VHF control unit(s) or portable VHF equipment provided for	
	navigational safety	
6.4	Checking for correct operation by on-air contact with a coast station or other ship	
6.5	Checking for correct transmission and reception by means of a routine or test call to a coast station,	
	other ship, onboard duplicate equipment or special test equipment	
6.6	Examining Channel 70 DSC watch receiver, including confirmation that correct Maritime Mobile	
0.0	Service Identity (MMSI) is programmed in the equipment, and verification of DSC alarm	
6.7	Checking for operation from main, emergency (if fitted), and reserve source of energy	

#### 7. MF/HF\* RADIO TELEPHONE INSTALLATION

7.1	General examination of MF/HF* Radio telephone equipment	
7.2	Verification that equipment operates from main, emergency (if provided) and reserve source of	
1.2	energy	
7.3	Checking the MF/HF* Radio telephone equipment for correct operation by contacting a coast station	
	and/or measuring transmission quality and radio frequency output	
7.3.1	During the survey	
a)	Is the DSC equipment tested in Routine call category with the ship station and or a shore station.	
b)	Is the DSC equipment tested in Safety call category with a ship station and or a shore station.	
c)	Confirming that the correct Maritime Mobile Service Identity is programmed in the equipment.	
d)	Checking the off-air self-test program.	
7.4	Verification of antenna tuning in all appropriate bands.	
7.5	Checking that control unit on bridge has first priority for purposes of initiating distress alerts, if	
7.5	control units are provided outside the navigation bridge.	
7.6	Checking receiver performance by monitoring known radio station on all appropriate bands.	
7.7	Checking the availability of the MF/HF* DSC alarm.	
7.8	Confirming that only distress and safety DSC frequencies are being monitored on the MF/HF* DSC	
7.8	watch receiver	

#### 8. SHIP EARTH STATION

Note: Ship earth station (other than Inmarsat-C) which forms part of the GMDSS must conform to the Performance Standard as follows:

- 1. If designed to operate in a mobile satellite service recognized on or after 1 January 2021, complies with the relevant requirements of resolution A.1001 (25) and conforms to performance standards not inferior to those specified in the Annex to Resolution MSC.434 (98).
- 2. If designed to operate in a mobile satellite service recognized before 1 January 2021:
  - a. Conforms to the relevant requirements of resolution A.1001 (25) and conforms to performance standards not inferior to those specified in the Annex to Resolution MSC.434 (98). OR
  - b. Conforms to the performance standards not inferior to those specified in the annex to:
  - i. Resolution MSC.130 (75) on Performance standards for Inmarsat Ship Earth Stations capable of two-way communications, if installed after 1 February 1999.
  - ii. Resolution A.808(19) on Performance standards for Ship Earth Stations capable of two-way communications, if installed on or after 23 November 1996 and before 1 February 1999;
  - iii. Resolution A.698 (17) on Performance standards for Ship Earth Stations capable of two-way communications, if installed before 23 November 1996.

8.1	Verification that equipment operates from main, emergency (if provided) and reserve source of energy, and that where an uninterrupted supply of information from the ship's navigational or other equipment is required ensuring such information remains available in the event of failure of the ship's main or emergency source of electrical power	
8.2	Verification of distress function by means of an approved test procedure, where possible	
8.3	Verification of correct operation by inspection of recent hard copy or by test alert/call.	

#### 9. NAVTEX RECEIVER

Note: NAVTEX receiver equipment installed on or after 1 July 2019, but before 1 January 2024 must conforms to performance standards not inferior to those set out in the annex to resolution A.148 (77), as amended by the annex to resolution MSC.430 (98).

Navtex receiver equipment installed on or after 1 January 2024 must conforms to performance standards not inferior to those set out in the annex to resolution MSC. 508 (105).

9.1	Examining and checking the correct operation by monitoring incoming message or inspecting recent hard copy/ display unit	•••
9.2	Performance test run of the self test program if provided	

#### 10. ENHANCED GROUP CALL (EGC)

Note: EGC equipment installed on or after 1 July 2019 must conforms to performance standards not inferior to those set out in the annex to resolution MSC.306 (87), as amended by the annex to resolution MSC.431 (98).

10.1	Examining and checking for correct operation and area by monitoring incoming messages or by		
	inspecting recent hard copy.	1	
10.2	Performance test run of the self test programs, if provided.		Ī

## 11. HF-NBDP EQUIPMENT

11.1	Examining the equipment for the reception of NBDP broadcasts of navigational and meteorological	
	warnings and urgent information to ships by HF	
11.2	Checking for correct operation by monitoring incoming messages or by inspecting recent hard copy	
11.3	Performance test run of the self-test programs, if provided.	

## 12. TWO WAY RADIO TELEPHONE APPARATUS

12.1	Examination of two way VHF radio apparatus including verification of its correct operation on both	
12.1	channel 16 and any other channel through a test with another fixed or portable VHF installation.	
	Confirmation that primary batteries of two way VHF are valid.	
12.2	(Note: Expired primary battery of two-way VHF radiotelephone apparatus, can be used for no other	
	purpose than to examine and check the operation of two-way VHF radiotelephone apparatus.)	
12.3	Charging arrangement for battery, where rechargeable battery is used	
12.4	Where appropriate, checking any fixed installation provided in a survival craft	

## 13. EPIRB

EPIRB		
13.1	Verification of condition by visual examination, position and mounting for float free operation	
13.2	Carrying out the beacon self-test routine, including the GNSS self-test, if applicable	
13.3	Labeling of EPIRB	
13.3.1	Verification of battery expiry date	
13.3.2	Manufacturer's serial number	
13.3.3	Verification that call sign of the ship marked on the EPIRB	
13.4	Verification of hydrostatic release and its expiry date	
13.5	Verification of emission on operational frequencies, coding and registration on the 406 MHz signal	
13.3	without transmission of a distress call to the satellite	• • •
13.6	Annual Testing of the EPIRB carried out as required	
13.7	Shore based maintenance has been carried out as required (not exceeding 5 years)	
	Checking that the unique beacon identification code is clearly marked on the outside of the	
13.8	equipment and, where possible, decoding the unique beacon identification code confirming it is	
13.0	correct and corresponds with the assigned by or on behalf of the Administration	
13.9	Checking that buoyant lanyard is firmly attached and is in good condition.	
13.10	Checking that pictorial instructions for manual operation are visible at the location of the beacon	

## 14. SECONDARY MEANS OF ALERTING

Designated equipment					
VHF (DSC)		Ship Earth Station (Type & Model)			
		& Wiodel)			
MF (DSC)	•••	HF (DSC)	•••	EPIRB	•••

## 15. SART / AIS-SART

15.1	Operational test of Survival craft radar transponder/ AIS SART*	
15.2	Checking the position and mounting	
15.3	Verification of Battery expiry date	

## 16. AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

16.1	Operational test carried out	
16.2	Checking that the AIS identity is clearly marked on the outside of the equipment and, where possible, decoding the AIS identity confirming it is correct and corresponds with the assigned by or on behalf of the Administration;	
16.3	Annual testing of AIS carried out on	

#### 17. SHIP SECURITY ALERT SYSTEM

171		
1'/ 1 1	Functionality test carried out with competent authority	
1/.1	Tulletionality test carried out with combetent authority	

#### 18. VOYAGE DATA RECORDER/ SIMPLIFIED VOYAGE DATA RECORDER

18.1	Operational test carried out	
18.2	Voyage Data Recorder (VDR)/S-VDR Annual performance Test carried out on	

#### 19. LONG RANGE IDENTIFICATION AND TRACKING:

19.1	Conformance Test Certificate is available on board	
19.2	DNID member number registered by CSP in the LRIT shipborne equipment (i.e. Sat C) is not	
	disabled or deleted	•••

#### **20. ON PASSENGER SHIPS ONLY:**

20.1		Two way on-scene radio communication on 121.5 MHz and 123.1 MHz from navigating bridge.	
20.2	20.2	A GOC Certified operator assigned to perform only radio communication duties during distress	
20.2		incidents.	•••

#### 21. GMDSS RADIO OPERATORS:

21.1	Is the Ship operator(s) able to use the GMDSS equipment and carry out function tests for transmitting and receiving distress and safety alerts	
21.2	Is ship's operators able to explain correct procedures for the followings:	
21.2.1	Canceling a false distress alert (Res.MSC.514(105))	
21.2.2	Receiving a distress alert.	
21.2.3	Sending a distress alert	

# 22. HAS THE VESSEL BEEN EXEMPTED BY THE ADMINISTRATION FROM MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONVENTION

22.1	Administration
22.2	Reference No
22.3	Details

## 23. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SHIPS OPERATING IN POLAR WATERS

23.1	For ships intended to operate in low air temperature, checking the certificates or equivalent	
	documents of the systems and equipment required by this Code for the consistence of the polar	
	service temperature specified for the ship (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 1.4.2) (for Initial Survey)	
23.2	For ships operating in low air temperature, checking the certificates or equivalent documents of the	
	survival systems and equipment for the consistence of the maximum expected rescue time at polar	
	service temperature (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 1.4.3) (for Initial Survey)	
23.3	Examining, where applicable, the alternative design and arrangements for ship structure, machinery	
	installations, fire safety/protection or life-saving appliances and arrangements, in accordance with	
	the test and inspection requirements, if any, specified in the approved documentation and PWOM	
	(SOLAS 74/00/14 regulation XIV/4) (for Initial Survey)	
23.4	Checking that the Polar Water Operational Manual (PWOM) with the hazards identified in the	
	operational assessment being addressed properly is placed on board (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 2.3,	
	4.3.1.3 and 4.3.1.4) (for Initial Survey)	
23.5	Confirming that procedures are provided on board for availability of the mandatory communication	
	equipment for use in survival craft, including availability of battery power for the maximum	
	expected time of rescue (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.2.3) (for Initial Survey)	
	(Note 1: Procedures referred to in above paragraph can include both operational requirements	
	and any other means including technical solutions i.e. thermal insulation, chemical heat sources,	
	additional batteries, rechargeable batteries with respective chargers, etc., and is to be documented	
	in Polar Water Operational Manual (PWOM). (MSC.1/Circ.1612)	
	Note 2: The expression "availability for operation during the maximum expected time of rescue",	
	mean ability of mandatory communication equipment for use in survival craft, including liferafts,	
	and rescue boats to maintain the ready-for-operation state within the maximum expected time of	
	rescue at the Polar Service Temperature (PST) assigned to the vessel, and after that to be capable	
	to perform its functions at the PST assigned to the vessel with the operating time not less than	
	specified in respective existing performance standards. (MSC.1/Circ.1612))	

Report No.:

23.6	Confirming that, where applicable, the approved documentation for the alternative design and arrangement is on board, with the relevant contents being entered in PWOM (SOLAS 74/00/14 regulation XIV/4) (for Initial Survey)	
23.7	Confirming the provision of the operational assessment and reviewing any changes thereof (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 1.5)	
23.8	Confirming that the PWOM is on board, and checking it if any changes occurred since last survey (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 2.3, 4.3.1.3 and 4.3.1.4)	
23.9	Confirming that procedures are provided on board for availability of the mandatory communication equipment for use in survival craft, including availability of battery power for the maximum expected time of rescue (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.2.3)	•••
23.10	Confirming that the Voyage Plan has been provided on board for the voyages in polar waters since last survey, otherwise if no trading in polar waters, random checking to the historical plans may be considered (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 11.3)	
23.11	Where applicable, checking the qualifications of the masters, chief mates, officers and/or other persons in charge of a navigational watch on board ships operating in polar waters in accordance with chapter V of the STCW Convention and the STCW Code (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 12.3.1 and 12.3.2)	
23.12	Checking the qualification certificates (if required by the Administration) and/or familiarization records of all the crew members for their assigned duties referenced in the PWOM (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 12.3.4)	
23.13	Confirming that, where applicable, the approved documentation for the alternative design and arrangements is on board, with the relevant contents being entered in PWOM (SOLAS 74/00/14 regulation XIV/4)	•••
23.14	Examining and testing the communication equipment on board for ship-to-ship and ship-to-shore communication, taking into account the limitations of communications systems in high latitudes and the anticipated low temperature (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.1.1)	
23.15	For ships intended to provide icebreaking escort, examining and testing the sound signalling system capable to be mounted to face astern (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.1.2)	•••
23.16	Examining and testing the means for two-way on-scene and SAR coordination communications for search and rescue purposes including aeronautical frequencies operations and that communication equipment provides for two-way voice and data communication with a Telemedical Assistance Service (TMAS) (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.1.3 and 10.3.1.4)	
23.17	For ships intended to operate in low air temperature, examining that each rescue boat and lifeboat is capable to be provided with devices for transmitting signals for distress alerting, locating and onscene communications (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.2.1)  (Note: All rescue boats and lifeboats carried by the ship, notwithstanding the redundancy in aggregate capacity of survival craft required by SOLAS regulations III/21 & III/31, and taking into account the different possible distress scenarios, are considered able to be released for evacuation simultaneously and are to be provided with mandatory communication equipment accordingly.  a. for distress alerting - one device is to be carried for transmitting ship to shore distress alerts; b. in order to be located - one device is to be carried for transmitting signals for location; and c. for on-scene communications - one device is to be carried for transmitting and receiving on-scene communications.)	
23.18	For ships intended to operate in low air temperature, examining the capabilities of all other survival craft, for transmitting signals for location and for communication (Polar Code part I-A/Ch. 10.3.2.2) (Note: All survival crafts carried by the ship, notwithstanding the redundancy in aggregate capacity of survival craft required by SOLAS regulations III/21 & III/31, and taking into account the different possible distress scenarios, are considered able to be released for evacuation simultaneously and are to be provided with mandatory communication equipment accordingly.  a. in order to be located - one device is to be carried for transmitting signals for location; and b. for on-scene communications - one device is to be carried for transmitting and receiving on-scene communications.)	
23.19	Examining, where applicable, the alternative design and arrangements for ship structure, machinery installations, fire safety/protection or life-saving appliances and arrangements, in accordance with the test, inspection and maintenance requirements, if any, specified in the approved documentation and PWOM (SOLAS 74/00/14 regulation XIV/4).	
23.20	Confirmation that Polar Ship Certificate has been issued/endorsed* based on satisfactory survey.	

Report No.:

## 24. ISSUANCE/ENDORSEMENT OF CERTIFICATE

24.1	Confirmation that the Initial Survey/Periodical Survey/Renewal Survey/Change of Flag Survey* completed satisfactorily.	•••
24.2	General examination of the vessel carried out satisfactorily towards with the scope of	
	Periodical Survey/Renewal Survey*.	
	(Note: (i)Authorisation reference received from head office/flag Administration are to be provided	
	under "Remarks"	
	(ii)Further survey scope covered for postponement survey are to be confirmed by indicating under	
	"Remarks")	
24.3	On satisfactory completion of the survey/examination* Full-Term Certificate	
	issued/endorsed/extended /interim certificate issued/short term certificate issued*.	
	(Note: Validity of the short term certificates and other conditions based on which the certificate is	
	issued are to be included in the "Remarks" section)	
24.4	Confirmation that the Periodical Survey/Renewal Survey* carried out partly as reported. Extent of	
	survey/examination* carried out/pending* is reflected in the survey status.	
	(Note: Explanation for carrying out surveys partly may be included under "Remarks")	
24.5	Periodical Survey could not be completed within the survey window, details of reason and actions	
	taken provided under 'Remarks'.	
	(Note: Extent of survey/examination carried out /pending is to be reflected in the survey status )	

REMARKS	
Name of Surveyor:	Name of Radio Inspector:
Signature of Surveyor:	Signature of Radio Inspector:
	Radio Company:
Official Seal	Official Seal
Date:	
Port:	